

Career and Technical Education: Comprehensive Local Needs Assessment

A Systemic Review Guidebook for Postsecondary Schools

### Office of College and Career Pathways

### 2024 - 2026

 MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Carey M. Wright, Ed.D.
Interim State Superintendent of Schools

Deann Collins, Ed.D.Deputy State SuperintendentOffice of Teaching and Learning

Richard W. KincaidSenior Executive DirectorOffice of College and Career Pathways

Wes MooreGovernor

 MARYLAND STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Clarence C. CrawfordPresident, Maryland State Board of Education

Joshua L. Michael, Ph.D. (Vice President)

Shawn D. Bartley, Esq.

Chuen-Chin Bianca Chang, MSN, PNP, RN-BC

Susan J. Getty, Ed.D.

Dr. Monica Goldson

Nick Greer

Dr. Irma E. Johnson

Dr. Joan Mele-McCarthy, D.A., CCC-SLP

Rachel L. McCusker

Samir Paul, Esq.

Holly C. Wilcox, Ph.D.

Abisola Ayoola (Student Member)

Table of Contents

[Document Control Information 3](#_Toc160106503)

[Purpose 4](#_Toc160106504)

[Instructions 5](#_Toc160106505)

[Guiding Principles and Logic Model 6](#_Toc160106506)

[Stakeholder Team Roster 12](#_Toc160106507)

[Component A: Labor Market Alignment 14](#_Toc160106508)

[Component B: Student Participation and Persistence 18](#_Toc160106509)

[Component C: Program Performance 24](#_Toc160106510)

[Component D: Recruiting, Developing, and Retraining CTE Educations 28](#_Toc160106511)

[Next Steps 31](#_Toc160106512)

# Document Control Information

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Title:  | Career and Technical Education: Comprehensive Local Needs Assessment |
| Security Level: | Public and Shareable |
| File Name: | CLNA Postsecondary.docx |

## Document History

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Document Version | Date | Summary of Change |
| 1.0 | February 2024 | Initial Document |
| 2.0 | April 2024 | Modified data tables in Activity B.1 |

# Purpose

The federal Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V), provides funding to support educators in developing the technical and employability skills and academic knowledge of secondary and postsecondary education students enrolling in career and technical education (CTE) programming.

Perkins V requires that grant recipients complete a Comprehensive Local Needs Assessment (CLNA) every other year to identify needs or gaps that should be addressed to strengthen the delivery of high-quality CTE programming.

The Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) has created this document to assist you in conducting your CLNA. Information contained within it also will help you to align your improvement efforts with the College and Career Readiness Pillar contained in the Blueprint for Maryland’s Future. Key action steps include assessing the alignment of CTE programs of study (POS) to labor market needs; reviewing student participation and performance in CTE coursework; evaluating site progress in making CTE offerings accessible to students; and considering efforts to recruit, train, and retain CTE instructors.

Results from this CLNA should be incorporated into your Perkins V Local Application, which details how you plan to use federal funds to improve CTE instruction and expand equitable student access to quality programs.

The Comprehensive Local Needs Assessment and the Local Application will be reviewed and approved on a rolling basis, and must be fully completed by the Community College, negotiated (CC and MSDE), and approved by the State Director of Career and Technical Education or their designee prior to July 1st of each year.

If you have questions about how to use this guide, please contact your designated Postsecondary Program Coordinator in the Office of College and Career Pathways.

# Instructions

Conducting this needs assessment will take several months to complete and must precede the creation of your 2024-25 Perkins V Local Application.

This guide provides a framework to help you investigate the status of your CTE programming and identify areas for improvement. It is organized into six sections:

* Guiding Principles
* Assembling a Stakeholder Team
* Component A: Labor Market Alignment
* Component B: Student Participation and Persistence
* Component C: Program Performance
* Component D: Professional Development

While you may choose to cover topics in any order, you should begin by assembling a stakeholder team to inform your effort. This group must include representatives from the stakeholder groups that are identified in the Perkins V legislation.

You may complete this document online or electronically by typing directly into the provided fillable fields. Alternatively, you may print out a copy of this form and enter information by hand. Do not alter or remove sections. Those choosing to complete the document offline should upload a completed copy using SharePoint.

# Guiding Principles and Logic Model

## Overview

MSDE has identified a set of guiding principles to inform the creation of CTE programming. It includes the expectation that all learners should have access to high-quality CTE coursework that:

* aligns to high-skill, high-wage, in-demand careers,
* leads to industry-recognized and/or postsecondary credentials that supports entrance or advancement in a specific career cluster, and
* offers career-based learning experiences (e.g., work-based learning, apprenticeship) that require the application of academic and technical knowledge and skills in a work setting.

## Logic Model

Despite the growing emphasis on CTE as a pivotal pathway for students in Maryland, there is a significant gap in the systematic evaluation of current CTE programs. Maryland's dedication to aligning educational experiences with the demands of the real-world labor market faces challenges:

1. Lack of Comprehensive Oversight: There isn't a unified method to holistically assess the state's CTE programming capacity. This absence has led to disparities among various student groups across CTE clusters, hindering equitable access to quality education.
2. Inefficient Funding Application Process: Potential CTE grantees in Maryland lack a structured Local Application process for Perkins V grant funds, affecting their ability to optimally leverage these resources for student outcomes.

The combined effect of these challenges puts Maryland's CTE programs at risk of not fully aligning with the Perkins V requirements and, more importantly, not meeting the evolving needs of students and the labor market. Consequently, there is an urgent need for a systematic approach to bridge these gaps, ensuring the delivery of equitable, high-quality career and technical training that truly mirrors labor market demands.

| Resources | Strategies | Outputs | Short-Term Outcomes | Long-Term Outcomes | Impacts |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tangible:**Funding from Perkins V | Develop a CLNA | Comprehensive report detailing current state of CTE programs | Identification of gaps and disparities in CTE programs | Enhanced quality and inclusivity of CTE programs | A workforce better prepared for Maryland's labor market demands |
| **Tangible:** Labor Market Information (LMI) Data | Analyze LMI to align CTE programs with labor market demands | List of high-demand sectors and occupations in Maryland | CTE curriculum adjustments based on labor market needs | Improved alignment of CTE tracks with workforce demands | Higher employment rates for CTE program graduates |
| **Tangible:** Interview and Focus Group | Conduct interviews and focus groups with stakeholders | Collection of feedback and insights from stakeholder groups | Immediate feedback loop established with stakeholders | Strengthened collaboration and partnerships | Enhanced stakeholder trust and investment in CTE programs |
| **Intangible:**Expertise in CTE Programming | Design a structured Local Application process for Perkins V funding | Guideline document for potential CTE grantees | Streamlined application process for Perkins V funding | Increased number of high-quality grant applications, earlier in the process | Optimal leverage of grant funds for improved student outcomes |
| **Intangible:** Stakeholder Relationships | Engage regularly with stakeholders for continuous feedback | Periodic stakeholder engagement sessions | Fostered sense of community ownership and involvement | Stronger community ties and support for CTE programs | CTE programs that resonate more deeply with community needs |
| **Intangible:** Knowledge of federal and state education guidelines | Ensure CTE programs align with Perkins V, the Blueprint for Maryland’s Future, and other relevant guidelines | Regular compliance checks and reports | Immediate course correction when misalignments are found | Consistent alignment with state and federal guidelines | Sustained funding and support for CTE programs due to compliance |

## Interpretation

1. **IF** we intentionally and strategically allocate Perkins funding in the planning process, **THEN** we can develop a CLNA leading to a comprehensive report that identifies gaps in the CTE programs, ultimately enhancing the quality and inclusivity of CTE programs and preparing the workforce better for Maryland's labor market demands.
2. **IF** we utilize LMI data, **THEN** we can better align CTE programs with current labor market demands, leading to adjustments in the CTE curriculum, improving the alignment of CTE tracks with workforce demands, and resulting in higher employment rates for CTE program graduates.
3. **IF** we employ interview and focus groups effectively, **THEN** we can gather valuable feedback from stakeholders, establishing an immediate feedback loop, strengthening collaboration, and enhancing stakeholder trust and investment in CTE programs.
4. **IF** we leverage our expertise in CTE programming, **THEN** we can design a structured Local Application process for Perkins V funding, streamlining the application process, increasing the number of successful grant applications, and optimizing the use of grant funds for improved student outcomes.
5. **IF** we nurture and maintain stakeholder relationships, **THEN** we can engage more deeply and regularly for feedback, fostering a sense of community ownership, strengthening community ties, and creating CTE programs that resonate more deeply with community needs.
6. **IF** we stay updated on federal and state education guidelines, **THEN** we can ensure consistent alignment of CTE programs with these guidelines, leading to immediate course corrections when needed, sustained alignment, and thereby securing sustained funding and support for CTE programs

## PROGRAM DESIGN

All CTE programming in Maryland must be delivered through Programs of Study (POS) developed by the state or a local school system. To be considered “state approved,” each program of study must meet these criteria:

* Strengthens the academic, career, and technical skills of students to prepare them for careers and further education.
* Incorporates input from diverse stakeholder groups, including industry and postsecondary partners
* Fits within one of 10 state-recognized career clusters that help students learn about their work options so that they may make informed career decisions.
* Includes opportunities for students to earn industry or postsecondary credentials and participate in career-based learning experiences.
* Prepares students for both college and careers through the completion of a planned sequence of coursework that blends academic, technical, and workplace skills.
* Incorporates a coherent set of academic, employability, and technical skills based on national and state standards that offer students a competitive advantage in the workplace.
* Offers multiple options to prepare students for entry into careers and further education through articulation agreements, supervised career-based learning experiences (e.g., work-based learning, internship, apprenticeship, etc.), and/or industry-mentored or capstone projects.
* Is based on enrollment and outcome data to inform program improvement and increase student performance.

Refer to these criteria as you conduct your CLNA to ensure your programming is rigorous and of uniformly high quality.

## STUDENT ENGAGEMENT

A CTE POS includes a course sequence from grades nine through 12 and two or more years of postsecondary education courses. A student may meet the following thresholds of engagement:

**Participant** — Student completing not less than one credit in a MSDE approved CTE POS.

**Concentrator** — Students who have earned at least 12 credits in a CTE POS or completed such a program if the program encompasses fewer than 12 credits or the equivalent in total in a MSDE approved CTE POS.

**Completer** — Student who meets all requirements in a state approved CTE POS.

## PROGRAM DELIVERY

Local school systems must meet **Size, Scope, and Quality** criteria to qualify for federal funding. Detailed information on these and additional expectations relating to CTE programming can be found in Maryland’s [Policies & Procedures for the Development & Continuous Improvement of Career and Technical Education Programs of Study](https://www.marylandpublicschools.org/programs/Documents/CTE/2022_CTE_Policies_Procedures.pdf).

Any program that fails to meet all the following criteria will need to be brought into compliance or removed from your program approval request, invalidating it for Perkins V funding. While you are not expected to develop plans to address deficiencies as part of the CLNA process, you are encouraged to assess each CTE POS against these criteria to help prepare for developing your local application.

| SIZE |
| --- |
| At least two state-approved CTE POSs are offered in recognized clusters. |
| Each POS consists of a coordinated, non-duplicative sequence of academic and technical coursework comprising at least 3 credits. |
| Each CTE concentrator-level course (typically the 3rd in a program) has a minimum of 10 concentrators over a 4-year period. If not, evidence must be offered of continued progress toward meeting this requirement. |
| Each POS has the required number of staff, availability of equipment, and student access to facilities. |

| SCOPE |
| --- |
| Curricula are aligned to state-approved industry standards that allow students to earn recognized credentials, certifications, licenses, college credit, or degrees |
| Curricula offer a progression from secondary to postsecondary education and/or employment (including attainment of an industry-recognized credential or apprenticeship), and from community college to bachelor’s degree programs |
| Curricula allow students to learn and demonstrate academic, technical, and employability skills |
| Curricula include differentiated supports and modifications to meet the needs of diverse learners |
| Each CTE student has a written career and academic plan in place that includes the:* required courses to complete a POS and graduate
* required assessments to earn a certification, license, credential, or degree
* required academic assessments to graduate
* timeline to take courses, assessments, and complete career-based learning experiences.
 |
| All students, regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, or disability, have equitable access to high-quality CTE programs as required by [Code of Maryland Regulation 13A.04.02.04](http://mdrules.elaws.us/comar/13a.04.02.04) |
| Approved POSs are guided by Local Advisory Councils and Program Advisory Committees according to the CTE Local Advisory Council and Program Advisory Committee Policies and Procedures (COMAR EA Title 21. Sec.101) |
| All CTE POS adhere to CTE Development Standards, which are required by [Code of Maryland Regulations 13A.04.02.03](http://mdrules.elaws.us/comar/13a.04.02.03) |
| All programs meet the definitions for high-skill, high-wage, in-demand occupations |

| QUALITY |
| --- |
| The site achieves or consistently makes progress towards local targets established for state and federal core indicators of performance |
| POS are delivered by instructors who meet state requirements to teach content at the secondary level |
| CTE POS are delivered by instructors who earned a minimum of effective on their teacher evaluation as defined by [Code of Maryland Regulation 13A.07.09](http://mdrules.elaws.us/comar/13a.07.09) within three years |
| Each CTE POS meets all the requirements of the MSDE evaluation criteria found in the Policies and Procedures for the Development and Continuous Improvement of CTE Programs of Study (page 45). |
| All students, including students in special populations, are offered the opportunity to:* Participate in at least one career-based learning experience (e.g., work-based learning, internship, apprenticeship, etc.)
* Earn college credit and/or industry credentials
* Participate in CTSOs
 |
| Professional learning opportunities, informed by data, are provided for administrators, instructors, faculty, counselors and support personnel to improve student learning outcomes. All secondary professional learning must be guided by the Maryland-endorsed National Learning Standards |
| Local and state annual data-reporting requirements are met, and reviews conducted of all annual Program Quality Index reports to inform improvement |
| Human resources are included in the recruitment process to ensure a diverse CTE teacher and faculty member candidate pool |
| Metrics are used to ensure that CTE teacher and faculty member recruitment strategies are successful |
| Teacher retention rates are reviewed annually, for the most recent 3 years, with data used to identify the top three contributing factors to CTE teacher and faculty member turnover |

Assembling a Stakeholder Team

Assemble a diverse stakeholder team to assist you in conducting your CLNA. Representation in the listed categories is required by federal statute, except where indicated. While Perkins V requires more than one representative for each group (with an exception for CTE coordinators and data analysts), it is permissible for one person to fulfill up to two roles.

## stakeholder team coordinator

[This is the individual responsible for planning and holding stakeholder meetings and completing CLNA]

| Name |  |
| --- | --- |
| Organization |  |
| Title |  |
| Email  |  |

## stakeholder team members

When Selecting Stakeholders, consider:

* Recruit individuals who are knowledgeable about CTE at your site and influential in the field.
* Ensure that members understand the time commitment and can attend all scheduled meetings.
* Perkins V requires *more than one representative for each group* (with an exception for the coordinators and data analyst)*.* Members may not represent more than two stakeholder groups.
* If you are unable to recruit a member to fulfil a required role you should keep a record of your outreach efforts to demonstrate you acted in good faith.

**Stakeholder Team Responsibilities**

* Review Maryland Department of Labor employment and projections data, college student participation and performance data, and educator support efforts to identify priority areas for improvement.
* Ensure that program offerings are aligned to local, regional, and/or state employment priorities.
* Help to communicate the importance of delivering high-quality CTE POS in your site and champion local efforts to achieve improvement goals.
* Meet on a quarterly basis to track your progress in improving CTE programming and make annual updates to this needs assessment.

Note that stakeholder team meetings may be held in person, virtually, or using a hybrid approach. If scheduling conflicts make holding a full team meeting impractical, stakeholders may meet in subgroups to review data and consider strategies to strengthen programming. Ultimately, all stakeholders should contribute to identifying challenges and formulating solutions, and publicly support your findings.

# Stakeholder Team Roster

## Secondary Feeder Schools

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Role | Name | Title | Affiliation |
| Administration (e.g., principal, assistant principal) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Professional career or academic counselor |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Instructors |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Instructional Support and Paraprofessionals(Psychologists, Social Workers, etc.) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Postsecondary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Role | Name | Title | Affiliation |
| Administration (e.g., dean, division chair) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Faculty |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Workforce

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Role | Name | Title | Affiliation |
| Local Workforce Development board member |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| \*Regional Economic Development organization member |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Local business & industry representative |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Other

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Role | Name | Title | Affiliation |
| Parent or caretaker |  |  |  |
| Student |  |  |  |
| Representative of Special Populations |  |  |  |
| Out-of-School youth / unhoused youth / corrections |  |  |  |

\* Not required under Perkins V but recommended to include.

# Component A: Labor Market Alignment

## overview

Career programming in Maryland must address the economic and workforce development needs of the state and align to high-skill, high-wage, and/or in-demand (HS/HW/ID) careers. These are defined as:

**High-Skill** —Careers that: (1) require previous work-related skills, knowledge, or experience of one or more years; (2) have a Specific Vocational Preparation (SVP) rating of at least six as defined by [O\*Net](https://www.onetonline.org/help/online/svp); (3) require state or federal licensing or industry-recognized certification; or (4). require a recognized postsecondary credential or degree.

**High-Wage** — Careers that exceed the state average annual wage of $69,750 in 2022.

**In-Demand** — Careers with a growth rate over ten years of at least 7% or a two-year occupational projected growth of 2.5%.

The Division of Career and College Readiness has evaluated all secondary and postsecondary State and Local approved POS against these HS/HW/ID criteria. Ideally, your CTE POS will meet all three of the criteria, or at least one to qualify for funding. You may access additional information on these programs at the  [Maryland CTE Data website](https://www.mdctedata.org/dashboards/labormarket.php). The Maryland Department of Labor has also developed [Long Term Occupational Projections](https://www.dllr.state.md.us/lmi/iandoproj/maryland.shtml) thru 2030, which can help you to identify high demand careers and the education and job training necessary to secure them.

## ActivitY A.1 : Taking stock

The following table details the CTE POS offered at your college in the 2022-23 school year, their alignment with high-skill, high-wage, and in-demand careers, and the relative proportion of students concentrating in each area. Although it is not *required* that each POS meet the criteria for high-skill, high-wage, *and* in-demand, it should be the goal of each POS to do so.

***Note****: Prior to sharing this table with your stakeholder team, you will need to suppress numbers and percentages in cell that do not include the minimum number of students required to protect student confidentiality. Maryland state policy is to suppress data for cells or percentages that are based on fewer than 35 students. Please consult your college policies to determine which data cells should be suppressed and how this information should be communicated (e.g., by entering ‘LOW N’ or ‘<35 students’ in effected cells.*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Program | Alignment to current statewide industries(enter ü) | Number of CTE participants 2022-23 | Percent of all CTE Participants 2022-23 |
| Example | HS | HW | ID | ### | 100% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Are you planning on adding any new or phasing out any existing POS in the upcoming year? If so, which CTE POS(s) are you considering and why?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Program/CIP Code | Adding or deleting | Rational for change |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Activity A.2: assessing program alignment to labor market and industry needs

Based on a review of the CTE POS data for high-skill, high-demand, and in-demand standards, rate each statement as a strength or area for improvement. Provide an explanation for any answer with which you identify as an ‘area for improvement.’

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Meets | Area for Improvement | Explanation |
| Our CTE stakeholders review workforce and economic data to assess current and anticipate future local employment needs in HS/HW/ID industries |  |  |  |
| Processes are in place to identify and expand college level registered apprenticeship opportunities. |  |  |  |
| Processes are in place to update or phase out CTE POS that do not align with HS/HW/ID industries |  |  |  |
| A majority of our students are concentrating in POS aligned to HS/HW/ID industries |  |  |  |
| Processes are in place to recruit business and industry stakeholders to participate on Program Advisory Committees |  |  |  |

## Activity A.3: reflection

Based on your responses in this component of the needs assessment guide, consider the following questions:

1. What is your rationale for offering programming that is not fully aligned with HS/HW/ID criteria you rated in Activity 1.1)?
2. What are the top five priorities you will address in the coming year to update or phase out misaligned CTE programs and/or expand student participation in CTE programming aligned with HW/HS/ID careers?

# Component B: Student Participation and Persistence

## Overview

To ensure that all students have equitable access to CTE programming, MSDE encourages colleges to assess rates of student participation and persistence in CTE overall, as well as within each POS offered for the state approved Career Clusters. Enrollments also should be tracked using the disaggregates for student gender, race-ethnicity, and special population status detailed in Perkins V.

## Activity B.1: taking stock

The following table asks you to enter the number and percentage of 2023 graduates statewide and in your college who participated in CTE coursework and persisted to achieve concentrator status in CTE programming, disaggregated by selected student demographics.

Please use the disaggregated 2023 data postsecondary heat maps, provided by MSDE, to fill in the requested information. You may contact staff at MSDE if you have questions about the data to be entered.

Once you have entered the data, review the information to determine whether there are any concerning gaps in student participation and/or persistence. Note that small numbers of students may have large impacts on your participation and concentrator status rates; consequently, use care in interpreting data with cell sizes less than 10 students.

***Note****: Prior to sharing this table with your stakeholder team, you will need to suppress numbers and percentages in cell that do not include the minimum number of students required to protect student confidentiality. Maryland state policy is to suppress data for cells or percentages that are based on fewer than 35 students. Please consult your college policies to determine which data cells should be suppressed and how this information should be communicated (e.g., by entering ‘LOW N’ or ‘<35 students’ in effected cells.*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Student Group | 2023 Graduates Statewide | 2023 Graduates in Your College |
|  | Number | Percent | Percent participating in CTE | Percent of participants who achieved concentrator status | Number | Percent | Percent participating in CTE | Percent of participants who achieved concentrator status |
| All 2023 Graduates  | 20,213 | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Gender** |
| Male | 6157 | 30.46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | 14056 | 69.54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Race-ethnicity** |
| American Indian | 77 | 0.38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian | 1,502 | 7.43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | 5,129 | 25.37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | 2,127 | 10.52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multi-race | 785 | 3.88 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 9,153 | 45.28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Special Populations** |
| Economically disadvantaged | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| English learners | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individuals with  disabilities | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nontraditional fields | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single parents | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Out of workforce | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unhoused Individuals | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Youth in foster care | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Youth with parent in military | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Migrant students | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note that since special population status is not mutually exclusive (i.e., a student may belong to more than one category), these data may not sum to 100%.

\*\*Note: 7.14% of students are not included. The race-ethnicity associated with these students is Foreign/Non-Resident Alien or Unknown/Not Reported.

## Activity B.2: ASSESSING YOUR PROGRAM

Based on a review of the overall CTE program data—relative to the state and across student groups—rate each statement as a strength or area for improvement. Provide an explanation for any answer with which you identify as an ‘area for improvement.’

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Meets | Area for Improvement | Explanation |
| Our college ensures all students—irrespective of gender, race, or special population status—are provided unbiased, inclusive, and non-discriminatory information about CTE courses and POS |  |  |  |
| Our college has processes in place to recruit students traditionally underrepresented in CTE to improve diversity in CTE POS |  |  |  |
| Processes are in place to ensure that students traditionally underrepresented in CTE have options to enroll in CTE POS |  |  |  |
| Processes are in place to ensure that students traditionally underrepresented in CTE persist in CTE POS once enrolled |  |  |  |
| Processes are in place to ensure that all eligible students have equitable access to career-based learning experiences |  |  |  |
| Career guidance and advisement services are provided to student prior to enrolling in a CTE POS |  |  |  |
| All students have access to career planning and support services to help them successfully transition to advanced education and/or the workforce |  |  |  |

## Activity B.3: reflection

Based on your review of your data and responses in Activity B.2, consider the following questions:

1. Are there any student groups in your college that have concerning gaps in their CTE participation or persistence rates? If so, which groups are underperforming?
2. What are the top five priorities you will address in the coming year to expand student participation in CTE programming and reduce participation and/or persistence gaps among students? [*Note: At least one priority area you identify should address the needs of gender, race-ethnicity, or special population groups.]*

## Activity B.4: career cluster participation and persistence

Student participation and persistence rates may differ across Career Clusters. The following table asks you to enter the number and percentage of 2023 college graduates in your college who participated in CTE coursework and persisted to achieve concentrator status a given Career Cluster, disaggregated by selected student demographics. Create a separate table for each CTE Career Cluster offered.

Work with your college data team to find the requested information. You may contact staff at MSDE if you have questions about the data to be entered.

***Note****: Prior to sharing this table with your stakeholder team, you will need to suppress numbers and percentages in cell that do not include the minimum number of students required to protect student confidentiality. Maryland state policy is to suppress data for cells or percentages that are based on fewer than 35 students. Please consult your college policies to determine which data cells should be suppressed and how this information should be communicated (e.g., by entering ‘LOW N’ or ‘<35 students’ in effected cells.*

**Career Cluster Name:**

## Programs of Study within Cluster:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name | **Number Program Graduates 2023** |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Cluster-Level Data

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Student Group | Participation Rate | Persistence Rate |
|  | 2023 College Graduates (A) | 2023 College graduates participating in this cluster (B) | Percentage difference(A-B) | 2023 College graduates who participated in this cluster and achieved CTE concentrator status |
| All 2023 Graduates  | 100% | 100% |  |  |
| **Gender** |  |
| Male |  |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  |  |  |
| **Race-ethnicity** |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian |  |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |  |
| Black |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |  |
| Multi-race |  |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |  |
| **Special Populations** |  |  |  |  |
| Economically disadvantaged |  |  |  |  |
| English learners |  |  |  |  |
| Individuals with  disabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Nontraditional fields |  |  |  |  |
| Single parents |  |  |  |  |
| Out of workforce |  |  |  |  |
| Unhoused Individuals |  |  |  |  |
| Youth in foster care |  |  |  |  |
| Youth with parent in military |  |  |  |  |
| Migrant students |  |  |  |  |

Based on your responses in this component of the needs assessment guide, consider the following questions:

1. Does it appear that students in your college are participating at rates equivalent to their representation in the population for this CTE cluster? If not, what factors might be affecting their decisions?
2. Does it appear that all students participating in this cluster are persisting at equivalent rates? If not, what factors might be affecting their decisions?
3. How might student participation and persistence in this cluster differ by program of study? Might there be some programs of study that are under- or over-performing the cluster average?
4. What are the top five priorities you will address in the coming year to expand student participation in CTE programming and reduce participation and/or persistence gaps among students? [*Note: At least one priority area you identify should address the needs of gender, race-ethnicity, or special population groups.]*

# Component C: Program Performance

Federal law requires that you collect data on the performance of CTE concentrators. The accountability indicators cover a range of outcomes to help you assess whether students are making educational progress, earning recognized postsecondary credentials, concentrating in programs that prepare individuals for non-traditional occupations. These include:

**1P1: Postsecondary placement:** The percentage of CTE concentrators who, during the second quarter after program completion, remain enrolled in postsecondary education, are in advanced training, military service, or a service program that receives assistance under title I of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12511 et seq.), are volunteers as described in section 5(a) of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. 2504(a)), or are placed or retained in employment.

**2P1: Earned recognized postsecondary credential:** The percentage of CTE concentrators who receive a recognized postsecondary credential during participation in or within 1 year of program completion.

**3P1: Non-traditional program concentration:** The percentage of CTE concentrators in career and technical education programs and programs of study that lead to non-traditional fields.

To establish performance expectations, MSDE has set performance targets for each indicator based on an analysis of statewide data. All providers are expected to achieve the performance targets established for each indicator. Moreover, to ensure that all students make progress, you are expected to monitor performance on an annual basis.

In the following table, use your heatmap to fill in your college’s performance on the federal measures. On the heatmap, cells highlighted in green indicate your college met or exceeded the statewide performance level; yellow indicates your college performance did not meet the performance level but was within 90% of the target; and red indicates that your college did not meet the performance level and was less than 90% of the target.

Colleges failing to achieve the state performance level are expected to develop a program improvement plan to bring them into compliance.

## College Performance by Student Group

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Federal Accountability Indicator 2023 Graduates |
|  | 1P1 | 2P1 | 3P1 |
| State Performance Target | 71.33% | 44.4% | 24.85% |
| College Performance |  |  |  |
| Gender |
| Males |  |  |  |
| Females |  |  |  |
| Race-ethnicity |
| American Indian |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |
| Black |  |  |  |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |
| Multi-race |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |

## Special Populations

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Federal Accountability Indicator 2023 Graduates |
|  | 1P1 | 2P1 | 3P1 |
| State Performance Target | 71.33% | 44.4% | 24.85% |
| College Performance |  |  |  |
| Economically disadvantaged |  |  |  |
| English learners |  |  |  |
| Individuals with disabilities |  |  |  |
| Nontraditional fields |  |  |  |
| Single parents |  |  |  |
| Out of workforce |  |  |  |
| Homeless individuals |  |  |  |
| Youth in foster care |  |  |  |
| Youth with a parent in active military |  |  |  |
| Migrant students |  |  |  |

\* Data for the 3S1 indicator reflect outcomes for 2022 graduates 6-months following their graduation.

## Activity C.1: assessing program performance

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | List |
| Looking at *overall performance*, on which indicators are you substantially underperforming\* the college performance target? |  |
| Looking at *overall performance*, on which indicators are you substantially exceeding the college performance target? |  |

\* Substantially underperforming is defined as achieving an outcome that is less than 90% of the college performance target, and substantially over-performing is achieving an outcome that is more than 110% of the college performance target.

## Activity C.2: determining root causes

1. For each indicator for which you are substantially underperforming the college performance target, identify the key factors that might affect student performance, including any disparities or gaps in performance by program. Ideally, these factors should be the primary drivers of the results that you see.
2. The data provided reflect the performance of all students within your college. Remember that aggregate data can hide considerable variation. As you think about strategies to improve performance, consider how program performance might differ within programs of study. Might some programs be performing above or below the site average?
3. Resource constraints may affect the activities you might undertake. What might be the most efficient and effective approach to making change (e.g., taking into consideration the relative size of your program enrollments?
4. What are the top five priorities you will address in the coming year to improve student performance outcomes on indicators on which you are substantially underperforming? [*Note: At least one priority area you identify should address the needs of gender, race-ethnicity, or special population groups.]*

# Component D: Recruiting, Developing, and Retraining CTE Educations

The quality of your CTE programming depends upon the skills of your workforce. This extends to all members of your educational team, including full-time faculty, part-time faculty, additional support staff available, and more. Ideally, faculty and staff should also be representative of the populations served and retained over time to promote program sustainability.

## Activity D.1: review data on current staff

Reviewing current staff demographics is critical to understanding where there are opportunities to strengthen staff skills and diversify your workforce.

|  |
| --- |
| NAME OF CAREER CLUSTER OR CTE POS: |
| Faculty / Staff demographic  | Percentage of 2022-23 faculty / staff | Percentage of students participating in CTE programming 2022-23 | 5-year faculty / staff turnover rate (Percentage of faculty / staff who did not return for years 2018-19 thru 2022-23 |
| Full-time Faculty | Part-time Faculty | Counselors / Support Staff |
| **Gender** |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Race-ethnicity** |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multi-race |  |  |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Credential** |  |  |  |  |  |
| Properly Licensed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Granted Temporary Waiver |  |  |  |  |  |

## Activity D.2: assess educator support opportunities

It’s critical to create consistent opportunities that allow your faculty/staff to maintain licensure and grow within this field. Professional development is a key strategy for retention and ensuring a high-quality workforce.

Based on your knowledge of professional licensure requirements and the availability of content-specific professional development opportunities across clusters, rate the extent to which you strongly agree or disagree with each statement. Where applicable, please add an explanation for your assessment with examples.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Strength | Area for Improvement | Explanation |
| Faculty/staff acquire content-specific professional development required to maintain licensure. |  |  |  |
| Faculty/staff are aware of the requirements to maintain endorsement. |  |  |  |
| Faculty/staff have equal access to content-specific professional development opportunities across industries. |  |  |  |
| Data is collected on the effectiveness of professional development to ensure it meets the needs of educators. |  |  |  |

## Activity 4.3: reflection

Based on your responses in this section of the needs assessment guide, consider the following questions:

1. Does your faculty/staff demographic characteristics reflect the students they serve across programs of study?
2. Are instructors adequately credentialed, including licenses, certifications, or endorsements for the courses they’re teaching ? If not, what mechanisms can be put in place to get them endorsed, or what recruitment efforts are necessary to attract properly credentialed instructors?
3. To what extent does your institution offer regular, substantive content-specific professional development opportunities? Do all faculty/staff members have equal awareness of, and opportunities to participate in content-specific professional development opportunities, necessary to maintain their industry credentials and endorsements?
4. What barriers exist to offering and participating in content-specific professional development?
5. What are the top five priorities you might wish to address in the coming year to recruit, develop, and retain CTE instructors and improve their professional skills?

# Next Steps

With the completion of the CLNA), you are now poised to embark on the crucial next phase of securing Perkins V funding. This stage involves translating the insights and findings from the CLNA into actionable and strategic plans.

## Utilizing CLNA Analysis for local perkins application S.M.A.R.T.I.E. Goal Setting

The first step for postsecondary schools is to use their CLNA analysis to formulate S.M.A.R.T.I.E. goals. These goals should be Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound, Inclusive, and Equitable. The essence of this process is to ensure that the goals set for CTE programs are not only aligned with the identified needs and opportunities but are also focused on inclusivity and equity.

Postsecondary schools should look at areas highlighted in the CLNA, such as skill gaps, program areas needing enhancement, and disparities in student participation and success rates. From here, specific goals can be set. For example, if the CLNA indicated a gap in technology-related skills among students, a S.M.A.R.T.I.E. goal could be to increase enrollment in technology-focused CTE programs by 15% within the next two years while ensuring equitable access for all student groups.

## Connecting Goals to an Annual Budget for Perkins Funding

Once S.M.A.R.T.I.E. goals are established, postsecondary schools must then align these objectives with an annual budget for Perkins funding. This budgeting should be a reflective exercise, considering not just the cost of program enhancements but also the broader resources required to meet these goals. This includes faculty development, curriculum updates, equipment purchases, and any necessary infrastructure improvements.

For instance, if one of the goals is to enhance a manufacturing CTE program, the budget may include expenses for new machinery, professional development for educators to teach advanced manufacturing techniques, and outreach initiatives to increase program enrollment.

## Ensuring Alignment with Perkins Requirements

Throughout this process, postsecondary schools need to ensure that their plans align with the requirements of the Perkins V Act. This means that the goals, strategies, and budgeted activities should contribute to developing more effective and equitable CTE programs, as stipulated by Perkins V.