

The Teacher Induction, Retention, and Advancement Pilot

Request for Proposals

Maryland State Department of Education

200 West Baltimore Street Baltimore, MD 21201

Deadline Friday, June 15, 2018 No later than 12:00 noon

This document is available In alternate formats.

PROPOSAL DESCRIPTION

Name of Grant Program:

The Teacher Induction, Retention, and Advancement Pilot Program

Authorization:

Senate Bill 493 (2016), Chapter 740

Dissemination:

March 23, 2018, Posted on the Maryland State Department of Education Website

Deadline:

Friday, June 15, 2018 No later than 12:00 noon

Purpose:

The Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE), in accordance with Maryland Senate Bill 493, Chapter 740, has developed the Teacher Induction, Retention, and Advancement Pilot Program (hereafter known as "TIRA Pilot Program"). Teacher turnover in Maryland remains a persistent problem with over 40 percent of all first-year teachers leaving the profession before the end of their fifth year of teaching. Given the costs associated with high teacher turnover and the subsequent instability it causes in schools, this program establishes offset funding for schools to offer specified first-year teachers at least 20 percent more time than other non-first-year teachers for mentoring, peer observation, assistance with planning, or other preparation activities. This is a cost-share grant with 80 percent funded by the State and 20 percent by local education agencies (LEAs) that participate in the pilot program. As of the dissemination of this grant, the Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act of 2018 (SB 187) has eliminated the funding for this program. Implementation of this grant is dependent upon restoration of funding in the fiscal year 2019 budget.

Required Components:

Proposals must contain the following to be considered for funding:

- Participating LEAs must ensure that 20 percent more time is provided to first-year teachers in the program, for mentoring, peer observation, assistance with planning, or other classroom preparation activities during the academic week compared to other non-participating first-year teachers or non-first-year teachers (i.e. scheduling participating teachers to have an 80% teaching load compared to non-participating teachers or finding non instruction time in the duty day for activities listed prior);
- Participating LEAs must ensure that supportive activities that constitute the additional 20 percent of time do not include administrative responsibilities or student supervision;
- Participating LEAs must ensure that first-year teachers are provided with information regarding resources that are available to them and that these resources may be used during the additional allotted time; these resources may include: mentoring, peer observation, and assistance with planning;
- Participating LEAs must ensure that the 20 percent more time is provided during the academic week and does not require additional time outside of the duty day hours;
- Costs associated with the pilot funding must adhere to the following cost sharing requirements: providing 80 percent state funding and local school systems providing 20 percent;

- A sustainability plan that includes a description of how LEAs will be able to ensure the goals of the Pilot Program will continue to be met through the proposed activities following termination of funding; and
- An annual report shall include the retention rate of first-year teachers who participated in the TIRA Pilot Program and continue to track the cohort for the duration of the five-year reporting period. Similarly, the report shall also include retention information for up to five years of a comparison group of an equal number of similar first-year teachers who did not participate in the TIRA Pilot Program. If a participant is no longer employed in the LEA the report should include the reason for separation, if available. The report shall also indicate the schools in which each teacher taught and share the historical retention information on each participating school in the program.

Priorities:

Pilot program funds are designed to support first-year teachers by affording them at least 20 percent more time during the academic week than other non-first-year teachers for mentoring activities, peer observation, assistance with planning, or other classroom preparation activities. This 20 percent more time for planning is calculated based on the total time of the academic week.

Priority will be given to projects meeting one or more of the following:

- Projects that ensure teachers identified for participation in the pilot project are
 working in schools that are part of a cluster of schools in which the majority of the
 elementary and middle schools are Title I schools and feed into a common high
 school.
- Strategic scheduling -- reduce class size, reduce preps, modify composition of class, provide extra planning, extra aide.
- Development of a professional learning community through a cohort (in one school or a cluster of schools).
- Access to professional growth opportunities.
- An evaluation plan that maps out the effort to collect ongoing and summative data on the program's effectiveness.
- An annual report shall include the retention rate of first-year teachers who participated in the TIRA Pilot Program and continue to track the cohort for the duration of the five-year reporting period. Similarly, the report shall also include retention information for up to five years of a comparison group of an equal number of similar first-year teachers who did not participate in the TIRA Pilot Program. If a participant is no longer employed in the LEA the report should include the reason for separation, if available. The report shall also indicate the schools in which each teacher taught and share the historical retention information on each participating school in the program.

Eligible Applicants:

- Any LEA may choose to participate in the TIRA Pilot Program.
- The LEA will select first-year teachers to participate in the TIRA Pilot Program. The TIRA Pilot Program is not intended to ensure that every first-year teacher in a participating local school system is funded to participate.
- Nonpublic schools are not eligible to participate.

Proposal Review:

The review of proposals will be a five-part process.

- Written applications will be pre-screened for submission requirements and inclusion of all required sections. Applications not meeting all prescreen requirements will not be read or reviewed.
- 2) A review committee established by the MSDE will evaluate written applications. The committee will be composed of representatives from MSDE personnel. Using a scoring rubric, reviewers will comment on the proposals and assign numerical scores.
- 3) Applicants may be scheduled for an oral program presentation as determined by the review committee.
- 4) Final approval for awards will be determined by the Teacher Induction, Retention, and Advancement Pilot Program Review Committee.
- 5) All revised proposals and budgets must be resolved by conclusion of the first quarter or risk forfeiture of the award.

MSDE reserves the right to consider geographic distribution when making awards.

Award Notification:

Notification of awards will be sent by mail on June 30, 2018.

Total Funds Available:

As of the dissemination of this grant, the Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act of 2018 (SB 187) has eliminated the funding for this program. Implementation of this grant will be dependent up restoration of funding in the Fiscal Year 2019 budget.

This program requires the State to contribute 80 percent of the proposed budget and the LEA to contribute 20 percent.

Length of Grants:

July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019

Estimated Number of Grants:

The number of grants awarded will be based on the number of submissions and the availability of funds. All eligible applications will be considered for funding.

Estimated Average Grant Amount:

Grants are competitive with awards based on the thoroughness of the submission, the project's proposed number of teachers participating in the pilot program, and the estimated need for funding. The LEAs should carefully consider resources needed to successfully implement the proposed project and present realistic budgets and expectations that accurately project costs and outcomes.

Fund Use

Cost(s) incurred prior to the approval of the grant may not be funded through the award. Generally, a direct cost is one that is incurred specifically for one activity. Indirect costs are of a more general nature and are incurred for the benefit of several activities. Once a grantee designates a given cost as direct or indirect, that designation must be applied consistently and may not change during the fiscal year. Sub-grantees are never required to charge indirect costs.

Direct costs can be identified specifically with a particular final cost objective. Typical direct costs chargeable to awards are:

- Compensation of employees for time devoted and identified specifically to the performance of those awards;
- Cost of materials acquired, consumed, or expended specifically for the purpose of those awards;
- Contracts specifically for the purpose of the award; and
- Travel expenses incurred specifically to carry out the award.

Funds may not be used for:

- Supplanting existing services;
- Capital improvements; or
- Cost(s) incurred prior to the approval of the grant.

The General Education Provisions Act (GEPA), Section 427:

Each application must develop and describe the steps the applicant proposes to take to ensure equitable access to, and equitable participation in, the project or activity to be conducted, by addressing the special needs of students, teachers, and other program beneficiaries in order to overcome barriers to equitable participation.

Reporting Requirements:

Grantees must submit:

- Quarterly project updates must include:
 - 1. Detail of grant activity conducted by the grantee;
 - 2. Reflect expenditures from the previous quarter of activity; and
 - 3. Shall be submitted during the following month on or before fifteenth day of that month (or the next business day). The cost of all items in the invoice shall be specified in an approved line item.

July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019 Reporting Dates:

1st quarter: **October 15, 2018** (July-September) 2nd quarter: **January 15, 2019** (October-December)

3rd quarter: **April 15, 2019** (January-March) 4th quarter: **July 15, 2019** (April-June)

Final report: August 29, 2018

In addition, grantees will host at least one site visit per funding cycle. Site visit is to include attendance from grant leadership team, first-year teachers, and representatives from key retention efforts in grants. First site visit will be conducted in either October or November.

Proposals must contain the following information, assembled in the order indicated:

- 1. Proposal Cover Sheet.
- 2. Project Abstract.
- 3. Table of Contents.
- 4. Project Narrative (20 page limit).
 - 4.1. Extent of Need.
 - 4.2. Goals, Objectives, and Milestones.
 - 4.3. Plan of Operation.
 - 4.4. How the LEA will ensure that 20 percent more time during the academic week is given to participating first- year teachers for mentoring, peer observation, and assistance with planning during the defined academic week.
 - 4.5. Evaluation and Dissemination Plan.
 - 4.6. Management Plan/Key Personnel.
 - 4.5.1. Management Worksheet.
 - 4.5.2. Project Time Line.
 - 4.7. Integration with Education Reform.
 - 4.8. Future Plans.
- 5. Budget Narrative.
 - 5.1. Line Item Listing of Budgetary Expenses.
 - 5.2. Itemized Budget Form.
- 6. Sustainability Plan.
 - 6.1 Description of how the LEA will make sure the goals of the Pilot Program will continue to be met through the proposed activities following the termination of funding.
- 7. Appendices. Do not append any required sections indicated above. Appendices are included below.
 - 7.1. Works Cited
 - 7.2. Letters of commitment from all project partners and principals of participating schools (as appropriate).
 - 7.3. Identification of Grant Manager who will serve as primary contact for implementation of grant.
 - 7.4. LEA contract establishing hours of academic week for first-year teachers.
 - 7.5. Résumés of Key Personnel that lead and support the grant execution.
 - 7.6. Signed assurances.

Submission Requirements:

- All pages of the project narrative must use one-inch margins and be numbered according to the prescribed numbering convention. (See "Table of Contents" section.)
- The project statement that appears on the cover sheet must not exceed 100 words.
- The abstract must not exceed one page.
- Narrative must use line spacing of at least 1.5 and a type size of 12-point font. Charts may use single spacing and a type size of 10-point font.
- All copies of the proposal should be on standard size (8½" x 11") paper of regular weight.
- Bound copies must be stapled in the upper left corner. Copies should not be bound by glue, spirals, wire, clasps, or any other means.
- The prescribed coversheet must be the first page of the proposal.
- The original coversheet must be signed in blue ink. Copies of the coversheet must not be color photocopied.
- All tables and charts must follow prescribed formats.
- Applicants must submit reasonable budgets based on resources needed to implement projects in each specific LEA. The budget should display a clear link between the specific project activities and the proposed budget items. Specifically, the budget should not contain any items that are not detailed in the project narrative. The budget narrative must support all costs included in the budget, explain how the costs are determined, and how expenditures fulfill the overall objective of the project.

Definitions:

First-Year Teacher means a public school teacher who has not previously had any full-time teaching experience.

TIRA Pilot Program means the Teacher Induction, Retention, and Advancement Pilot Program in Maryland.

Title I schools means schools with a high percent of children from low-income families, as defined by Free and Reduced Price Meals (FARMS).

Academic Week is limited to the time teachers are scheduled to be in the classroom for instruction, planning periods, or other duties as assigned during the hours students are in class as defined by an LEA's negotiated contract.

20 Percent More time for planning is based on the total hours of an academic week as defined by an LEA's negotiated contract.

An unbound original proposal, together with 10 bound copies, and an electronic copy, in Microsoft Word format, MUST be submitted to:

Maryland State Department of Education Division of Educator Effectiveness 200 West Baltimore Street Baltimore, MD 21201-2595 Attention: Sarah Spross

Program Contacts:

Sarah Spross,

Office: 410-767-0385 FAX: 410-333-8963

sarah.spross@maryland.gov

Non-Discrimination Statement:

The Maryland State Department of Education does not discriminate on the basis of age, ancestry/national origin, color, disability, gender identity/expression, marital status, race, religion, sex, or sexual orientation in matters affecting employment or in providing access to programs and activities and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. For inquiries related to Department policy, please contact:

Equity Assurance and Compliance Office
Office of the Deputy State Superintendent for Finance and Administration
Maryland State Department of Education
200 W. Baltimore Street - 6th Floor
Baltimore, Maryland 21201-2595
410-767-0426 - voice
410-767-0431 - fax
410-333-6442 - TTY/TDD

Every proposal must have a Proposal Cover Sheet. No other page may cover the proposal cover sheet. The subsequent information must be clearly stated in the following order:

- Name of applicant.
- Title of project.
- The words "The Teacher Induction, Retention, and Advancement Pilot"
- Name of contact person.
- Address of contact person.
- Telephone, fax, and email address of contact person.
- Project partners.
- Amount requested.
- Project statement (100-word limit).
- Dated signature of Superintendent of Schools/Head of Grantee Agency.

The Project Cover Sheet should be printed on plain white paper and contain neither graphics nor additional information.

The project statement should briefly describe the project's outcome(s) and strategies (i.e., what the project will do and how it will be accomplished). Do not exceed the 100-word limit. This statement will be used in press releases, board exhibits, etc.

PROJECT ABSTRACT

1-page limit

In the Project Abstract introduce the project to the reader. It should be factual, brief, and focused on proposed efforts. Do not assume the reader is familiar with the proposed project.

The Project Abstract should cover the core aspects of the proposed project, while addressing the following questions:

- What is the problem?
- What populations, schools, or geographic areas will be served by the project?
- What are the goals and objectives of the project? (For brevity, these should be paraphrased.)
- What strategies are to be employed to address the problem?
- Who are the partners, and what are their roles?

TABLE OF CONTENTS

The Table of Contents is an important aid for the reader. When writing the proposal and constructing the table of contents, please use the following conventions:

- The Proposal Cover Sheet is not numbered but is considered to be page "i" (lower case, Roman numeral one).
- The Project Abstract is page "ii" (lower case, Roman numeral two).
- Do not list the Table of Contents as one of the pages in the table of contents.
- Table of Contents page(s) are numbered iii, iv, etc.
- The extent of need is the first page of the project narrative and is numbered "1". Subsequent pages are numbered consecutively.
- The Budget is numbered as follows: "B-1, B-2, B-3".
- Appendices are labeled "Appendix A, Appendix B, Appendix C".

PROJECT NARRATIVE

20-page limit 90 points total

The Project Narrative provides an opportunity to convince readers that the project is sound and deserves to receive funding. The Project Narrative should encompass the entire life of the project. When writing the Project Narrative, keep the following suggestions in mind:

- Be succinct and clear. Readers need to understand quickly and easily the components of the project and how they work together to address the stated needs.
- Do not assume the reader is familiar with the project; readers represent diverse backgrounds. Avoid jargon, and define all acronyms.
- Proofread the Narrative once it is complete. Check for style inconsistencies, redundancies, factual
 omissions, and unexplained assumptions. A good strategy is to let someone not familiar with the project
 read and critique the proposal before submitting it to MSDE.
- Be as detailed as possible. Use the entire page limit to explain the project. Use the Appendices to include information that may be important for the reader but will not fit within the Project Narrative. For clarity, it is important to reference in the body of the proposal any supplemental information included in the appendices.

15 of 90 points

A compelling proposal will have a clearly-defined problem supported by a needs assessment. A needs assessment is a systematic review of information collected from a variety of sources, analyzed to determine strengths and weaknesses, and prioritized for action in the proposal.

Here are some suggestions for the needs assessment.

- Clearly state the main problem in the first paragraph.
- Cite research supporting the need for the project.
- State what data were collected to confirm the existence of the problem, the sources of the data, and the
 methods used to collect them.
- Present easily-measured quantitative data. (e.g., test scores, absentee rates).
- Present qualitative data in support of quantitative data (e.g., interviews, focus groups).
- Use multiple methods to document the problem (e.g., surveys, analysis of school records, previous studies, focus groups).
- Use multiple data sources (teachers, students, parents, etc.).
- Use national or state data to establish the problem's existence outside of the local area.
- Use local data to document the problem in the local area. Include relevant demographics and other statistics about each and every population to be served. Include all relevant data from the Maryland School Performance Program (MSPP).
- State who is affected by the problem. State when and where the problem exists.
- Document the factors contributing to the problem.
- Document current or past efforts to address the problem.
- Show why those efforts failed or are inadequate to address the total need.
- Discuss the applicant's history or expertise in dealing with the problem.
- Discuss the consequences of not dealing with the problem.

Goals, Objectives, and Milestones

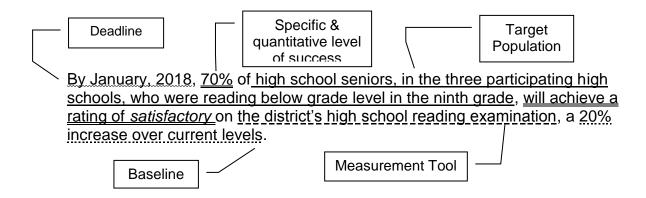
10 of 90 points

Goals, objectives, and milestones are all outcomes. Outcomes themselves are statements that tell how the project's target population would improve. Every outcome should describe a change in a target population. In addition, they set standards of progress towards alleviating the problems identified in the needs assessment. Statements that describe strategies or management issues are not proper outcome statements.

Outcome statements:

- Identify the target population. Who is the specific population the outcome addresses?
- Are realistic. Outcomes must be attainable. It is unrealistic to expect that all students will achieve 4.0 grade point averages. Unrealistic outcomes set the project up for failure and are "red-flags" for reviewers.
- **Are measurable**. Outcomes must demonstrate clear achievement. A good outcome statement references easily-quantified indicators (e.g., test scores, absenteeism, grades, promotion rates).
- Have deadlines. All outcome statements specify by when they are to be achieved.
- Reference state, local, or school-defined baseline data or standards. To determine if the goal is both reasonable and ambitious, include local baseline data for comparison.

This is an example of an outcome statement containing all of the above elements:



A proposal should identify three kinds of outcomes: goals, objectives and milestones.

The Goal

State the overall goal of the project. The goal should address the main problem identified at the beginning of the needs assessment. While there should be at least one goal, it is possible to have multiple goals; however, the more goals established, the more complex the project becomes.

Goals must have long-term deadlines. If the project period covers multiple years, the goal should be set for the end of the project. If the project period is one year or less, the goal may have a deadline that extends beyond the project period.

Objectives

Objectives are the anticipated outcomes to be accomplished for each year of the project. Objectives must be directly related to a goal. Objectives may break the long-term goal into steps or address the factors contributing to the problem addressed by the goal.

It is imperative that objectives be established for every target population the project is designed to affect. For instance, if the project seeks to increase student achievement by training teachers, there must be objectives for both students and teachers.

Milestones

Ongoing evaluation is essential to the management of a project. Since goals and objectives are not evaluated until the end of the year, milestones must be established to measure progress during the year. Milestones should be evaluated during the year, either quarterly or semiannually.

Because milestones are intended to indicate progress towards an objective, each milestone must be related to an objective. Keep in mind that milestones are indicators of progress, and may not use the same measurement tool as the objective to which they are related. A project may take months before there is a significant impact on clients, or the rate of improvement may level off over time. Milestones should anticipate this and be gauged accordingly. Don't set overly-ambitious milestones.

10 of 90 points

In the Plan of Operation discuss the strategies and activities to be used to accomplish the outcomes.

Strategies

Strategies are broad approaches (methods, procedures, techniques) employed to accomplish outcomes. Begin this section with a justification as to why the strategies were chosen and how they will help to achieve the outcomes. The justification should <u>cite research to support the strategies</u>. It is essential that the project include strategies for each outcome, and outcomes for each strategy.

Upon identifying the strategies, discuss how they will be adapted to fit the particular project. Who are the target clients, and how will they use or be affected by the project services? How many clients from each client group will ultimately be serviced by the project, both directly and indirectly? Explain how these numbers were derived.

Activities

Activities are specific steps taken to accomplish the project objectives, and involve <u>direct service to clients</u> (first-year teachers). Examples include: specific teacher in-services and mentoring sessions. They may take place on a single date (e.g., a field trip), or over a period of time (e.g., the use of an innovative curriculum).

Actions outlined in the management plan are <u>not</u> activities. While these actions are needed to facilitate direct service, they do not render direct service themselves. Examples include the purchasing of equipment, the hiring of staff, evaluation procedures, and steering committee meetings. Do **not** address the elements of the management plan in this section.

List the activities that the project will implement and relate each activity to a strategy. Activities should be grouped with respective strategies. Discuss how the activities relate to the respective strategies. Finally, identify which clients and how many will be serviced by each activity.

Grantees are required to submit annual evaluation reports and quarterly progress reports that are consistent with the project's goal and objective(s). Keep in mind that the final evaluation will consider the entire project, beginning to end it should not be viewed as what is done after the project's completion, but as an integral element in the project's planning, design, and implementation. An effective ongoing plan that evaluates milestones quarterly lends to making informed decisions about needed changes.

Evaluation & Dissemination Narrative

The topics listed below provide the basis for review of the evaluation plan that should be addressed with specificity.

- **Evaluation Questions**: What questions will the evaluation seek to answer, based on the project's goal and objectives, implementation plan, and anticipated consequences? Examine the relationship between the expected outcomes, efforts, and what is important to evaluate.
- **Evaluation Strategy**: What approach will be taken to find answers to the evaluation questions? What criteria will be used to assess lessons learned from the project? What populations will be included in the evaluation?
- Data: The type of data and method of data collection will depend upon the nature of the program, the
 questions, and the evaluation strategy. What measurement instruments will be used? How will the baseline
 be established? There should be a combination of quantitative and qualitative data identified. How will
 project staff collect data from the various sites and organizations involved in the project? When considering
 data collection techniques, ensure that the resources are sufficient to use the proposed data collection
 techniques.
- **Evaluator(s)**: Specify the individuals or groups who will conduct the evaluation. What are their qualifications? What are the responsibilities of key personnel?
- **Budgeting of resources and staffing for evaluation:** The application's budget should reflect sufficient funds to carry out a thorough and useful evaluation.
- **Dissemination:** Details on how the evaluation results will be disseminated to major stakeholders and individuals interested in the project. Information, requirements and dissemination methods differ from stakeholder to stakeholder. Will information be posted on the Internet? Will presentations be made at important national conferences to present lessons from the project? How and when will demonstrations of the project be provided? Descriptions of the types of reports and other by products developed during the course of the project may be made available.

Where many projects fail is in their management. Submit a detailed and time-specific management plan with pre-assigned responsibilities so as to avoid the following common errors:

- Failure to submit required reports.
- Failure to regularly monitor performance of the project during implementation.
- Failure to start the project on time.
- Failure to keep adequate project documentation.
- Failure to assure continuity and quality of the project in light of personnel turnover.
- Changing, without approval from MSDE, the overall project described in the grant proposal.
- Submission of biased or incomplete project evaluation data.
- Having no approved project fiscal procedure in place.
- Disposal of project supplies, equipment, or other assets in unauthorized ways.
- Budget deviations due to unauthorized transfers from one budget category to another.
- Failure to manage inherent conflicts of policies, perspectives, and philosophies between project's host agency and the funder.
- Failure to form partnerships in which all members recognize and fulfill their clearly-defined roles, responsibilities, and contributions to the project.
- Failure to complete the project in a timely fashion.

Present a clear discussion of partners, their respective roles in the project, the benefits each expects to receive, and the specific contributions each will make to the project (financial, equipment, personnel, or other resources). It is essential that partner commitments be documented. Append letters of commitment from each, describing roles and quantifying contributions. Never assume that reviewers will automatically be familiar with a proposed partner, what that partner is capable of or willing to commit to the project, or why the partner is joining in on the project.

The project should have a steering committee to govern the project. Duties of the steering committee include establishing major program policies, reviewing quarterly evaluation reports, and making recommendations for programmatic change. Steering committee members should represent the major stakeholders in the project. (e.g., representatives from project partners, parents, principals, Board of Education). Steering committees that are too large are often non-productive. Project directors act as advisors to the committee. The duties, members and meeting dates of the committee should be identified in this section of the project proposal.

List the staff or personnel involved in the project's implementation. What are their qualifications? Append résumés of key personnel. How much of the Project Director's time is devoted to this project? Are there sufficient staff hours devoted to the project to ensure proper implementation? What plans are in place to ensure the project will continue if there are problems with staff turnover?

Management Plan Worksheet

The Management Plan supports the implementation plan but does not contain direct service activities. Direct service activities belong in the Plan of Operation. Examples of management actions are hiring staff, ordering equipment, developing curricula, and holding steering committee meetings. None of these actions render direct service itself, but enables direct service activities to take place.

List on the Management Plan Worksheet, in chronological order, all major management actions necessary to implement the project during the first-year of funding. (Worksheets for subsequent years will be included in the action plans for those years.) Assign an approximate date for each action. If the action is ongoing, indicate the range of dates over which it will be implemented. A well-considered management plan assigns responsibility for action to a management team member. Indicate on the worksheet who is responsible for accomplishing each action.

Requirements made by the funder, MSDE, should also be included in the management plan. These include the annual financial report, submission of progress reports to MSDE, and the final evaluation. The final report will serve as the final evaluation.

Management Plan Worksheet

Action Description	Date	Person Responsible		
<u> </u>		*		
Brief Description #1	Date	Name or Position		
Brief Description #2	Date	Name or Position		
Brief Description #3	Date	Name or Position		
•••				
Funder's Requirements				
Quarterly Report #1 Due	October 15, 2018	Name or Position		
Quarterly Report #2 Due	January 15, 2019	Name or Position		
Quarterly Report #3 Due	April 15, 2019	Name or Position		
Final Evaluation Process	July 15, 2019	Name or Position		
Financial Report Due	July 15, 2019	Name or Position		
Annual Evaluation Due	July 15, 2019	Name or Position		

Project Timeline

The Project Timeline is a Gantt chart with columns representing the months of the funding cycle. It should contain three sections: management, implementation, and evaluation.

Activity		Month										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Management												
Hire Project Director	X											
Implementation												
Teacher Training		X			X			X			X	
Evaluation												
Submit Mid-Year Evaluation						X						

Integration with Education Reform

5 of 90 points

If a project is to be successful, it must be aligned with the goals, efforts and plans of Federal, State, and local governments, and school improvement teams. This section illustrates how the project is part of overall education reform.

Questions this section should answer include:

- How does this project help meet the goals and objectives of the School Improvement Team plan?
- How does this project fit into the LEA's master plan?
- How does this project help meet State educational standards (e.g., MD College and Career Readiness Standards)?
- How does this project align with the district's SAFE plan?
- How does this project help meet national education goals or fit into national initiatives?
- Does this project coordinate efforts with any other projects currently underway?
- Are there plans for any future projects that will coordinate with this one?
- Will resources be shared to increase efficiency and cost effectiveness?

Future Plans

5 of 90 points

Describe plans for continuing the project beyond the funding cycle. How will it be sustained after funding ends? Are there plans for maintaining the project's partnerships?

No page limit 10 points

The project's budget should detail every year of the project in a separate itemized budget for each year. It should demonstrate the extent to which the budget is reasonable, cost-effective, and integrates other sources of funding. All costs described in the project narrative will appear in the budget narrative and must have a corresponding entry in the itemized budget for that year.

Begin the budget with a narrative, justifying any line item expenses that are not obvious from the project narrative. Explain how line item costs were estimated, if the rationale is not obvious. Show how the budget is cost effective.

Immediately following the justification, include a line-item description using the format in the example below. Group line items according to the following categories: *Salaries & Wages*, *Contracted Services*, *Supplies & Materials*, *Other Charges*, *Equipment*, and *Transfers*. Total each category.

Each line must be detailed and specific. General expenses should be broken down into specific line items. For example, "meeting expenses" can be broken down into room rental, photocopying and refreshments. There is no page limit for the budget, so be as detailed as possible.

Clearly show the requested funds and in-kind contributions for each line item. Indicate the source of the in-kind contribution. Both requested and in-kind funds must be reasonable with current market prices.

Show how the expenses were calculated for each line item. Reviewers will use this information to determine if the budget is reasonable and cost-effective.

Use the format indicated by the following excerpt from a sample Budget Narrative.

Line Item	Calculation	Requested	In-kind	Total
	Salaries & Wages			
Project Director based on SACPS salary for Admin Specialist Level 3.	Full-time @ \$40,000/year	\$20,000	\$10,000 (SACC) \$10,000 (SACPS)	\$40,000
	Total Salaries & Wages:	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$40,000
	Contracted Services			
Computer Trainer from ABC Computer Services.	\$200/day X 4 days	\$800		\$800
	Total Contracted	\$800		\$800
Services:				
Total Direct Costs		\$20,800	\$20,000	\$40,800
Indirect Costs (3% of direct costs)		\$624		\$624
TOTAL Requested		\$21,424	\$20,000	\$41,424

Itemized Budget Form

The following page contains the itemized budget form that must be submitted with the application. If difficulties are encountered in categorizing the budget, consult with the financial agent in the local school system. This form must be signed by both the district's Budget's Officer and the Superintendent or designee.

PROPOSED BUDGET

STATE/FEDERAL

Recipient Agency Name				Grant Per	riod		
Revenue Source Name				Fund Sou	ırce Code		
See "Financial Reporting Manual for Maryland	Public Schools" fo	or account descript	ons				
Check and complete a page for each funding sour	ce & TOTAL					STAT	E/FEDERAL
Check and complete a page for each funding source & TOTAL							L/MATCH
						TOTA	
				IUIA	L		
				Object			
	1	2	3	4	5	8	
	Salaries	_		-			Total Budget by
	and	Contracted	Supplies &	Other		*	Category/Program/
CATEGORY/PROGRAM/ACTIVITY	Wages	Services	Materials	Charges	Equipment	Transfers	Activity
201 Administration							
Program 21 General Support							
Program 22 Business Support							
Program 23 Centralized Support							
202 Mid-level Administration							
Program 15 Office of Principal							
Program 16 Instruction Admin. & Supervisor							
203-205 Instruction Categories							
Program 01 Regular Programs							
Program 02 Special Programs							
Program 03 Career & Technology Programs							
Program 08 School Library Media							
Program 09 Instructional Staff Development							
Program 10 Guidance Services							
Program 11 Psychological Services							
Program 12 Adult Education							
206 Special Education		1			1	ı	1
Program 04 Public Schl. Instructional Prog.							
Program 09 Instructional Staff Development							
Program 15 Office of the Principal							
Program 16 Instruction Admin. & Supervisor							
207 Student Personnel Services							
208 Student Health Services							
209 Student Transportation							
210 Operation of Plant							
Program 30 Warehouse and Distribution							
Program 31 Operating Services							
211 Maintenance of Plant							
212 Fixed Charges							
214 Community Services							
215 Capital Outlay		1			1	ı	1
Program 34 Land and Improvements							
Program 35 Buildings and Additions							
Program 36 Remodeling							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT							
*Includes the following: Payments to another LEA, nonpub	lic school, or state i	nstitution; and Indire	ct Cost Recovery				
			_				
	Gran	t Number		Grant Name			
Budget Reviewed and							
Approved: LSS Finance Officer:							
Signa		Phone Number D					

MSDE USE ONLY

Budget						
Approved						
By:	LEA Official	Phone #	FAX #	Date	MSDE Official	Date

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APPENDICES

The following Appendices must be included but not apply to the page limit of the Project Narrative. Include other Appendices as deemed necessary.

Works Cited

Use a standard format such as MLA or Chicago Manual of Style. Be consistent.

Letters of Commitment

Letters of commitment are required from all project partners, school principals and local education agencies participating in the project. A good letter should contain the following:

- A statement acknowledging and supporting the goal and objectives of the project.
- The participant's expected gains from the project.
- The expertise, resources and financial contributions the participant is making towards the project. Financial contributions (in-kind and cash) should be quantified.
- A clear statement detailing the responsibilities of the partners.
- A clear statement that the partners intend to continue the partnership beyond the grant period.

Letters of commitment should be addressed to the superintendent or head of the grantee agency acting as the lead agency. Letters should not be addressed to MSDE. All letters should be included in the proposal and not sent directly to MSDE. Any letters sent directly to MSDE cannot be appended to the proposal.

Résumés of Key Personnel

Include a one-page resume for each person playing a key role in the project. Only information relevant to the project should be included in the résumé.

Signed Assurances

The following pages contain the assurances that must be signed and dated by the Superintendent of the school system or the head of the grantee agency. Please read all assurances carefully.